

Johnson Matthey Employees Pension Scheme
Defined Contribution Sections

Statement of Investment Principles

September 2023





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Section 1: Introduction

Scheme details

- 1.1 This document describes the investment policy pursued by the Johnson Matthey Employees Pension Scheme (JMEPS, the "Scheme") Trustee.
- 1.2 The Scheme operates for the exclusive purpose of providing retirement benefits and death benefits to eligible participants and beneficiaries. The Scheme operates several Defined Contribution (DC) sections (listed below). This Statement of Investment Principles (SIP) is only applicable to the DC sections of the Scheme.
 - I. JMEPS DC
 - II. JMEPS Elements (Investment Account)
 - III. JMEPS Extra
- 1.3 The Scheme is a registered pension scheme under the Finance Act 2004.

Pensions Acts

- 1.4 Under the Pensions Act 1995 (as amended by the Pensions Act 2004), the Trustee is required to prepare a statement of the principles governing investment decisions. This document contains that statement and describes the investment principles adopted by the Trustee of the Scheme.
- 1.5 Before preparing this document, the Trustee has consulted Johnson Matthey ('the Sponsor') and the Trustee will consult the Sponsor before revising this document. However, the ultimate power and responsibility for deciding DC investment policy lies solely with the Trustee.
- 1.6 In drawing up this document, the Trustee has sought advice from the Scheme's DC Investment Consultant, WTW. Before preparing this document, the Trustee has had regard to the requirements of Section 36 of the Pensions Act 1995 concerning diversification of investments and suitability of investments. The Trustee will consider those requirements on any review of this document, or any change in their investment policy. The Trustee will refer to this document where necessary to ensure that it exercises its powers of investment to give effect to the principles set out in it as far as is reasonable.

Financial Services and Markets Act 2000

1.7 In accordance with the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, the Trustee will set general investment policy, but will delegate the responsibility for selection of specific investments to appointed investment managers, which may include an insurance company or companies.

Regulatory guidance

1.8 The Pensions Regulator has several regulatory tools, including issuing Codes of Practice to enable it to meet its statutory objectives. Codes of Practice provide practical guidelines on the requirements of pensions legislation. This document has been drafted in the light of the Code of Practice and specifically its recommendations relating to the content of Statements of Investment Principles generally.



Section 2: Division of Responsibilities

2.1 The Trustee has ultimate responsibility for decision-making on DC investment matters. In order to ensure that investment decisions are taken only by persons or organisations with the skills, information and resources necessary to take them effectively, the Trustee delegates some of these responsibilities.

Trustee

- 2.2 The Scheme Trustee will exercise their powers of investment in accordance with the provisions of regulation 4 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations (2005). As such, the Trustee's responsibilities include:
 - I. Reviewing the content of this Statement of Investment Principles and modifying it if deemed appropriate, in consultation with the Investment Consultant and the Sponsor.
 - II. Developing a work plan for the Scheme.
 - III. Setting terms of reference for the Trustee and appointing the members of the Trustee Board.
 - IV. Assessing its own performance and that of its advisors and delegates in fulfilling the requirements of the work plan.
 - V. Reporting to Scheme members as appropriate on the content of and compliance with this statement.
 - VI. Monitoring investment arrangements on an ongoing basis.
- VII. Appointing and discharging the underlying investment manager(s).
- VIII. Assessing the quality of the performance and processes of the investment managers by means of regular reviews of the investment results and other information, in consultation with the Investment Consultant.
 - IX. Monitoring and considering the appropriateness of the investment strategy, having regard to the need for diversification of investment so far as is appropriate and to the suitability of investments.
 - X. To monitor investment choices made by members.



Platform provider

- 2.3 Aegon as the investment platform provider will be responsible for:
 - Providing access to a range of funds managed by various investment managers.
 - II. Providing the Trustee with regular information concerning the management and performance of the assets.
 - III. The independent safekeeping of the assets and appropriate administration (including income collection and corporate actions) within any pooled funds used by the Trustee.

Investment managers

- 2.4 The underlying DC investment managers' responsibilities include:
 - Managing the portfolios of assets according to their stated objectives, and within the guidelines and restrictions set out in their respective investment manager agreements and/or other relevant governing documentation.
 - II. Taking account of financially material considerations (including climate change and other ESG considerations) as appropriate when managing the portfolios of assets.
 - III. Exercising rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments and undertaking engagement activities in respect of investments.
 - IV. Having regard to the provisions of Section 36 of the Act insofar as it is necessary to do so.

Investment Consultant

- 2.6 The Investment Consultant's responsibilities include:
 - I. Participating with the Trustee in reviews of this Statement of Investment Principles.
 - II. Undertaking project work as required including transitions and implementations, strategy reviews and reviews of the investment managers.
 - III. Advising the Trustee on topics such as the ones described below:
 - a. How any changes within the Scheme's membership profile may affect the investment funds or Glidepath options offered.
 - b. How any changes in the investment managers' organisations could affect the interests of the Scheme.
 - c. How any changes in the investment environment could either present opportunities or problems for the Scheme.
 - IV. Undertaking trustee education on DC investment matters.
 - V. Providing commentary on investment performance.



- VI. Providing general advice in respect of the Scheme's investment activities.
- VII. Providing views of the investment managers employed by the Scheme.
- VIII. Providing accurate and timely deliverables as agreed with the Trustee.
 - IX. Delivering advice in a clear and engaging manner to the Trustee.
 - X. Reflecting any Trustee-specific investment beliefs and Scheme-specific circumstances in the advice provided.
 - XI. Facilitating a review of the Trustees' investment governance arrangements.
- XII. Negotiating a competitive fee basis for the proposed manager mandates, on the Trustee's behalf.
- XIII. Ensuring that the Trustee's policy on ESG including climate change is integrated into the advice provided.

Section 3: Objective and Investment Strategy

3.1 Within the defined contribution sections members' benefits are dependent on the amount of money paid into their individual accounts, performance of investments and annuity rates at retirement.

Investment Objective

3.2 The Trustee's objective is to make available to members a programme of investment via pooled funds which seek to generate income and capital growth which, together with new contributions from members and the Sponsor, will provide a fund at retirement with which to provide retirement benefits.

Investment Strategy

- 3.3 The Trustee recognises that investment is essentially about decision making in an uncertain and complex environment. To help bring clarity to the decision-making process, the Trustee has established an investment beliefs framework which is in line with achieving the investment objective for the Scheme. This was last agreed in December 2021 and will be considered periodically and as part of any future investment review.
- 3.4 The Trustee believes that following an effective set of investment beliefs allows a coherent and consistent approach to investment that leads to a better suite of options which are tailored to members' needs.
- 3.5 The Scheme's investment fund options are sourced through various investment managers.
- 3.6 A full list of the range of funds offered is shown in Appendix A.



- 3.7 The Scheme also offers three pre-determined glidepath strategies for members. The aim of the glidepath strategies is for members to achieve a reasonable level of long-term growth on the investments over the majority of their working life, with an element of risk protection as retirement approaches. All three strategies have been designed to comply with the charge cap of 0.75%.
- 3.8 The Default Glidepath strategy for JMEPS DC, JMEPS Investment and JMEPS Extra Account members is called the "Drawdown Glidepath strategy". It is a 'white-labelled' strategy that invests in the JMEPS Global Equity Index-Tracker Fund before switching to the JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund over a 20-year period beginning 25 years from retirement. Members then start switching into the BlackRock Cash Fund five years from retirement. At the member's target retirement age, the asset split is 75% JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund and 25% BlackRock Cash.
- 3.9 The "Annuity Glidepath strategy" is offered as an alternative glidepath strategy. It is a 'white-labelled' strategy that invests in the JMEPS Global Equity Index-Tracker Fund before switching to the JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund over a 20-year period beginning 25 years from retirement. Members then start switching into the BlackRock Over 15 Year Gilt Index and BlackRock Cash Fund from ten and five years before retirement respectively. At the member's target retirement age, the asset split is 85% BlackRock Over 15 Year Gilt Index Fund and 15% BlackRock Cash Fund.
- 3.10 There is an additional glidepath strategy called the "Cash Glidepath strategy". It is a 'white-labelled' strategy that invests in the JMEPS Global Equity Index-Tracker Fund, before switching to the JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund over a 20-year period beginning 25 years from retirement.

Members then start switching into the BlackRock Cash Fund from five years before retirement. At the member's target retirement age, the asset split is 70% BlackRock Cash and 30% JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund.

Default Options

- 3.11 The Trustee offers members the option to invest in the range of funds described in Appendix A entirely at their discretion. If members opt to join the Scheme and do not make a choice, they will be automatically enrolled into the Default Glidepath (noted above) with a default target retirement age of 65.
- 3.12 The Trustee designed the Default Glidepath strategy in conjunction with their investment advisers, with due regard for the best interests of members invested in the default option, having given in-depth consideration to the Scheme's demographic profile and the retirement outcome needs and risk tolerance of the membership. Due consideration was also given to charge cap compliance.
- 3.13 In addition to the above, the Trustee has historically selected various investment options for the purposes of fund mapping exercises. In such cases, in order to consider the best interests of these groups of members, the Trustee's policy is to select suitable 'like for like' investments to most closely match the prior investments. The Trustee's aims and objectives, expected risks and returns of these 'default arrangements' are consistent with their overarching investment strategy, monitoring and risk management policies as set out in this document.
 - I. As a result of the AVC rationalisation exercise conducted in 2013/14, the Trustee considers the following investment options to be default arrangements as they all received member assets on a non-consent basis:
 - i. BlackRock UK Equity Index Fund
 - ii. BlackRock World (ex-UK) Index Fund



- iii. BlackRock Over 15 years UK Gilt Index Fund
- iv. BlackRock Over 5 Years UK Index-Linked Gilt Index Fund
- v. BlackRock Cash Fund
- vi. JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund
- vii. Cash Glidepath strategy

The investment funds were chosen as they represented the closest equivalents to the members' prior investments in terms of broad asset class exposure, investment objective and expected risk and return.

The Cash Glidepath strategy was chosen to receive members' with-profits assets as it offered a gradual risk reduction approach over time with increasing capital protection as members get closer to retirement.

- II. The Trustee also considers the JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund and the Aegon BlackRock Corporate Bond Fund to be default arrangements as it has received member assets on a non-consent basis from members previously invested in the BlackRock Global Equity (30:70) Index Fund and the JMEPS Global Corporate Bond Fund, respectively, as a result of the investment strategy changes implemented in 2020 and 2023. The JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund aims to achieve a return consistent with a composite market capitalisation global equity index, which take account of ESG and Climate risks and opportunities through the use of exclusions and tilts to portfolio weights. The Aegon BlackRock Corporate Bond Fund aims to track the return of a UK index market composed of sterling denominated investment-grade corporate bonds.
 - 3.14 The Trustee's other investment policies set out in Section 4 covering sustainable investing, rights attached to investments, liquidity and realisation of investments, diversification, suitability and fee basis apply to the default arrangements.
 - 3.15 The Trustee's policies regarding its investment manager arrangement set out in Section 5 covering investment manager structure, performance objectives and fees apply to the default arrangements.

Expected Risk and Return

- 3.16 The investment options invest in the following assets and have the following risk and expected return characteristics:
 - I. Equities expected to produce returns in excess of rates of salary and price inflation in the medium to long term. Capital values may be highly volatile in the short term.
 - II. Real assets expected to produce returns in line with the infrastructure sector in excess of rates of salary and price inflation in the medium to long term. Capital values may be volatile in the short term although this is expected to be less than for equities.
 - III. Diversified assets expected to produce returns in excess of rates of salary and price inflation in the medium to long term. Capital values may be volatile in the short term although this is expected to be less than for equities.



- IV. Bonds capital values are likely to be less volatile than equities but tend to produce lower returns in the medium to long term. The value of bonds are expected to move broadly in line with the price of annuities, providing some protection to the 'purchasing power' of a member's account near retirement (for those members electing to purchase an annuity).
- V. Cash low risk to capital and asset values are easily realisable with limited investment returns associated with the low risk nature of the assets.

Additional Voluntary Contributions ('AVCs')

3.17 The Scheme provides a facility for members to pay AVCs into the Scheme (through JMEPS Extra) to enhance their benefits at retirement. The Company offers a matched contribution up to certain levels. Members have the choice of investing their AVC in any combination of self-select or glidepath investment options. The Trustee's objective is to provide funds which will offer a suitable long-term return for members, consistent with members' investment needs as they approach retirement age.



Section 4: Other investment policies

The Trustee also faces other requirements relating to investment, be they legislative or considered best practice.

Sustainable investing

- 4.1 The Trustee takes account of financially material risks and opportunities in consultation with its advisers. All risks and opportunities are considered for materiality and impact within a risk management framework, which takes account of members' investment time horizons and objectives. The Trustee considers sustainable investment factors, such as (but not limited to) those arising from Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) considerations, including climate change, in the context of this broader risk management framework.
- 4.2 The Trustee's policy is that day-to-day decisions relating to the investment of the Plan's assets is left to the discretion of the investment managers. This includes consideration of all financially materially factors, including ESG-related issues where relevant. The Trustee explores these issues with its advisers to understand how the investment managers exercise these duties in practice.
- 4.3 When considering the appointment of new managers, and reviewing existing managers, the Trustee, together with their adviser, look to take account of the approach taken by investment managers with respect to sustainable investing including engagement and voting policies where relevant.
- 4.4 The Trustee have selected the underlying funds within the JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund that aim to track indices that incorporate ESG and/or Climate change factors. Such factors are considered through exclusions or adjustments to the index weights.
- 4.5 The Trustee monitors investment managers' sustainable investment practices, including the approach to ESG integration within the investment process, by meeting with investment managers periodically.
- 4.6 Member views on non-financial matters are not currently taken into account.

Rights attached to investments

- 4.7 The Trustee's policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of ownership rights (including engagement and voting rights) attaching to investments to the investment managers and the Trustee expects these to be exercised in an appropriate manner. The Trustee recognises the UK Stewardship Code as best practice and encourages their investment managers, via their adviser, to comply with the UK Stewardship Code or explain where they do not adhere to this policy. Furthermore, in alignment with the Trustee's ESG Policy, the Trustee have replicated their priorities in order to maintain consistency across their stewardship policy, which highlights two main areas of ESG focus:
 - Climate change risk and the transition to a low carbon economy (i.e. achieving net zero emissions);
 - The exclusion of investments from companies or countries that demonstrate poor human rights practices.

Liquidity and realisation of investments



- 4.8 The Trustee's policy is that members' accounts are held in funds that trade regularly, typically daily, which can be realised promptly to provide pension benefits on retirement, or earlier on transfer to another pension arrangement.
- 4.9 The default arrangements do not include a specific allocation to illiquid assets, although there may be an allocation to illiquid assets within the JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund at the discretion of the investment manager. The Trustee's policy is to invest in assets that are sufficiently liquid to allow them to be realised readily and typically daily dealt. The Trustee does not currently have any plans to invest in illiquid assets in the future.

Diversification

4.10 The Trustee believes that the provision of the investment funds and the three glidepath strategies meet the Scheme's investment needs and that these funds provide adequate diversification of investments.

Suitability

4.11 The Trustee has taken advice from the Investment Consultant to ensure that the investment options are suitable for the Scheme. The Scheme continues to monitor, and take advice on, the various options on an ongoing basis.

Fee basis

- 4.12 Members bear the investment management charges on their investment. These fees are charged by adjustment to the unit prices within the funds, calculated daily on the value that day.
- 4.13 The Trustee is aware of the importance of fees for members over long periods and therefore take into account the level of fees when selecting funds and seek to negotiate improved terms where possible. The Trustee will keep this under periodic review.



Section 5: Investment Manager Arrangements

Investment Manager Structure

- 5.1 Currently, the Scheme offers members a range of self-select and glidepath investment options as listed in Appendix A.
- 5.2 The Scheme has two white-labelled funds the JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund and the JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund. White-labelling refers to the process of using a generic name for each investment option offered to members. White-labelling allows for underlying components to be changed more easily. In addition, the use of white labelled investment options that are not specifically branded by reference to the manager makes it potentially easier (at a high level) for members to understand where they are investing their assets. The assets of the Scheme are invested with investment managers appointed by the Trustee.
- 5.3 The Trustee's policy is to obtain ongoing advice on whether these funds continue to be satisfactory as required by the Pensions Act and that the various investment managers continue to be appropriate DC investment managers.
- 5.4 The Trustee has delegated day-to-day management of the assets to the investment managers.
- 5.5 The Scheme is in a contractual insurance policy with the platform provider, which allows the Scheme to access a number of different funds and managers. The Trustee ensures that, in aggregate, its portfolio is aligned with the policies set out in this Statement, in particular those required under regulation 2(3)(b) of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations (2005). The Trustee will also ensure that the investment objectives and guidelines of any particular pooled vehicle are aligned with its policies, where relevant to the mandate in question. These considerations also apply in the appointment process of new investment managers and arrangements.
- 5.6 To maintain alignment, managers are provided with the most recent version of the Scheme's Statement of Investment Principles on an annual basis to ensure they are aware of the Trustee's expectations regarding how the Scheme's assets are being managed.
- 5.7 The Trustee monitors the manager's investment approach to assess alignment with the Trustee's policy. This monitoring process includes, but is not limited to, specific consideration of the sustainable investment/ESG characteristics of the fund and the managers' engagement activities. Should the Trustee's monitoring process reveal that a manager's portfolio is not aligned with the Trustee's policies, the Trustee's policy is to engage with the manager to ascertain the reasons for this and whether closer alignment can be achieved. If, following engagement, it is the view of the Trustee that the degree of alignment remains unsatisfactory, the Trustee will consider alternative options available in order to consider terminating and replacing the Investment Manager. The managers have been informed of this by the Trustee's Investment Consultant to incentivise alignment.
- 5.8 For most of the Scheme's investments, the Trustee expects the investment managers to invest with a medium to long time horizon, and to use their engagement activity with the underlying issuers of debt or equity to drive improved performance over these periods. The Trustee may select certain investment funds where such engagement is not deemed appropriate, due to the nature of the strategy and/or the investment time horizon underlying decision making.



5.9 The Trustee appoints its investment managers with an expectation of a long-term partnership, which encourages active ownership of the Scheme's assets. When assessing a manager's performance, the focus is on longer-term outcomes, and the Trustee would not expect to terminate a manager's appointment based purely on short term performance. However, a manager's appointment could be terminated within a shorter timeframe due to other factors such as a significant change in business structure or the investment team.

Performance Objectives

- 5.10 Whilst the Trustee is not involved in each investment managers' day to day method of operation and therefore cannot directly influence attainment of the performance target, it will regularly assess performance and review appointments in line with its SIP policies.
- 5.11 The investment managers set performance objectives and risk tolerances for each of the Scheme's funds. The Trustee considers these investment performance objectives to be appropriate to assess each fund's performance against.
- 5.12 The investment objectives will be treated as a target only and will not be considered as an assurance or guarantee of the performance or risk of the Scheme or any part of it.
- 5.13 The Trustee receive investment manager performance reports on a quarterly basis, which present performance information over 3 month, 1 year, 3 year and 5 year time periods. The Trustee reviews the absolute performance, relative performance against a suitable index used as the benchmark, and/or against the managers' stated target performance (over the relevant time period).
- 5.14 The Trustee's focus is on long-term performance but may review a manager's appointment if:
 - I. There are sustained periods of underperfomance;
 - II. There is a change in the portfolio manager or portfolio team;
 - III. There is a change in the underlying objectives of the investment manager;
 - IV. There is a significant change in the management of the fund;
 - V. There is a concern at the manager's approach to ESG and climate change;
 - VI. The manager's investment approach does not align with the Trustee's policies.

Fees

- 5.15 Managers are paid an ad valorem fee, in line with normal market practice, for a given scope of services which includes consideration of long-term factors and engagement. The Trustee has accepted the fees of the Scheme's investment manager in line with the manager's stated fee scale.
- 5.16 The Trustee reviews the costs incurred in managing the Scheme's assets regularly, which includes the costs associated with portfolio turnover, including regular engagement with Investment Managers on this subject and through the receipt of cost and charges reporting. There is no broad targeted portfolio turnover (how frequently assets within a fund are bought and sold by Investment Managers) which the Trustee adheres to. The Trustee, with the help of the Investment Consultant, will monitor that the level of portfolio turnover remains appropriate in the context of the Investment Managers' strategy and the Plan's investment strategy.
- 5.17 The Trustee will pay fees to WTW based on time cost (or as agreed in advance for specific projects).



Section 6: Risk Management

- 6.1 The Scheme recognises specific investment risks which can be managed by the range of investment options provided to the members. These are:
- (i) 'Inflation risk' the risk that the investment return over members' working lives does not keep pace with inflation and does not therefore secure an adequate pension.
- (ii) 'Conversion risk' the risk that relative market movements in the years just prior to retirement lead to a substantial reduction in the benefits secured.
- (iii) 'Shortfall' or 'opportunity cost' risk the risk that members end up with insufficient funds at retirement with which to secure a reasonable income.
- (iv) 'Manager risk' the risk that the chosen investment manager underperforms the benchmark against which the investment manager is assessed.
- (v) 'Capital risk' the risk of a fall in the value of the members' fund.
- 6.2 The funds offered through the Scheme have been chosen, in part, to help members mitigate these risks.

The Trustee recognises a number of risks involved in the investment of the assets of the Scheme:

1. Manager risk:

- I. is measured by the expected deviation of the prospective risk and return, as set out in the managers' objectives, relative to the investment policy.
- II. is managed by monitoring the actual deviation of returns relative to the objective and factors supporting the managers' investment processes.

2. Liquidity risk:

- I. is measured by the amount of a pooled fund investment that can be redeemed by members over a specified period.
- II. is managed by typically offering members pooled funds that are readily redeemable in normal circumstances at reasonable prices.

3. Political risk:

- I. is measured by the level of concentration of any one market leading to the risk of an adverse influence on investment values arising from political intervention.
- II. is managed by regular reviews of the actual investments relative to policy and through regular assessment of the levels of diversification within the existing policy.



4. Diversification risk:

- I. is measured by observing the relative and absolute volatility of the investment options.
- II. is managed through the selection of broad-based funds that show internal diversification, as well as by offering the membership a fund range which provides for reasonable diversification.

5. Currency risk:

- I. is measured by observing the difference between hedged and unhedged returns.
- II. is managed by providing the membership with a number of GBP based investment options and communicating those funds which invest overseas.

6. ESG and Climate Change Risk:

- I. is measured through engagement and reporting from the managers to understand the level of ESG and climate change risks present in the investment funds
- II. is managed by monitoring managers' sustainable investment practices, including the approach to ESG integration within the investment process, to ensure alignment with the Trustee's policies and beliefs
- III. the Trustee has created a specific ESG policy to facilitate effective management of this risk. The purpose of the ESG Policy is to sit alongside the Scheme's Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP") and Climate Delegation Framework, formalising the Trustee's ESG beliefs and its policy on how ESG factors should be integrated into investment decision making.



Section 7: Compliance with and Review of this Statement

Compliance with this Statement

7.1 The Trustee will monitor compliance with this Statement annually.

Review of this Statement

- 7.2 The Trustee will review this Statement in response to any material changes to any aspects of the Scheme, its membership profile and the attitude to risk of the Trustee, which it judges to have a bearing on the stated investment policy.
- 7.3 This review will occur no less frequently than every three years or at the time of any changes to the fund range. Any such review will be based on written expert investment advice and the Sponsor will be consulted.



Appendix A: Fund range

UK Equity BlackRock UK Equity Index Fund

JMEPS Diversified Growth LGIM Diversified Fund

JMEPS Real Assets LGIM Infrastructure Index Fund

Overseas Equity BlackRock World (ex-UK) Index Fund

JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker 50% LGIM FTSE TPI Global (ex Fossil Fuels) Equity Index:

45% BlackRock World ESG Equity Tracker:

5% BlackRock EM Equity Index

Corporate Bonds BlackRock Corporate Bond All Stocks Index Fund

Government Bonds BlackRock Over 15 Years UK Gilt Index Fund

BlackRock Over 5 Years UK Index-Linked Gilt Index Fund

Emerging Markets Equity BlackRock Emerging Markets Equity Index

Cash BlackRock Cash Fund

Funds in the Glidepath Strategies

Drawdown Glidepath Strategy

JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund

(Default) JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund

Blackrock Cash Fund

Annuity Glidepath Strategy JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund

JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund

Blackrock Over 15 Years UK Gilt Index Fund

Blackrock Cash Fund

Cash Glidepath Strategy JMEPS Global Equity Index Tracker Fund

JMEPS Diversified Growth Fund

Blackrock Cash Fund